

VOL. 2, NO. 13.

BIG SUBWAY BLOW OUT

ASIA AND AFRICA FIGURE MORE IN WAR NEWS

GREAT GEYSER IN EAST RIVER

One Dead and Another Missing as Result of Compressed Air Explosion.
MEN HURLED IN THE AIR
Blow-up Propels Them from Tube into Icy Waters of the River.

NEW YORK, Feb. 19.—One man is dead and another missing as the result of a compressed air explosion late today in a subway under construction 100 feet below the surface of the East river. A third man who was shot with the others through mud and water to the surface of the river, was bruised and dazed, but soon recovered after removal to a hospital. The explosion, believed to have been caused by a leak in the compressed air pumped in to the subway to stabilize under construction, imperiled the lives of thirty-five other men working in the tube. The man killed was Frank Driver, and the missing workman is John McCarthy, both described as "miners," with Marshall Maybey, a helper, they were sent skyrocketing up through the roof of the tunnel into the icy water. Witnesses on the water front declared three men were hurled thirty feet above the surface of the river.

Rescuers who put out from shore found Driver still alive. He died, however, before he could be taken to land. Maybey appeared only slightly injured, while no trace was found of McCarthy. It was learned tonight that much difficulty has been experienced in constructing the new subway owing to the presence of great quantities of sliding gravel and mud. Many slides have occurred, it was said, but despite this fact work

(Continued on page 7, first section.)

GERMAN SPY IS ARRESTED IN NEW YORK

Mistake Made by Lincoln about His Trunks, He Says, Brings About His Arrest.

NEW YORK, Feb. 19.—Ignatius T. Lincoln, self confessed German spy who escaped several weeks ago from a United States deputy marshal in Brooklyn, was arrested tonight at Broadway and Thirty-ninth street by agents of the department of justice.

Lincoln, his hands manacled, was taken in a taxicab to the office of William M. Coffey, division superintendent of the department of justice.

When Lincoln, who had his mustache shaved off since his escape, entered the office of the department of justice he was greeted by Assistant United States District Attorney Dunham, of Brooklyn.

"Well, well, I certainly am glad to see you once more, Lincoln," said Mr. Dunham.

"I'm glad to see you," replied Lincoln.

The door of the inner office was then closed but Lincoln could be heard telling Mr. Dunham how his arrest came about.

"You people never in the world would have caught me," he declared, "if I hadn't made a mistake about my

(Continued on page 7, first section.)

Substitute is Prepared For the Army Scheme

Failure of Which Was One of the Reasons Secretary of War Garrison Resigned.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19.—A scheme for expanding the civilian training camp movement into a definite organization of federal volunteers will be proposed to the House military committee by Representative Kahn, of California, ranking Republican member. Under the plan the organization would be in a measure a substitute for the administration's continental army scheme, failure of which before the congressional committees was one of the factors leading to the resignation of Secretary Garrison.

Details have not been worked out, but reports are that Kahn said tonight he had been in correspondence with those urging direct aid by Congress for the summer camp movement, who had told him 100,000 men could be enrolled if such aid were granted. Mr. Kahn believes several regiments could be formed who would obligate themselves for service in time of war in return for the intensive instruction they receive at the camps.

SIX ARRESTS

Are Made in Connection with the East Youngstown, O., Riots in January.

YOUNGSTOWN, O., Feb. 19.—Six employees of the Pittsburgh and Lake Erie Company, were today placed under arrest on orders from prosecuting Attorney A. H. Henderson in connection with the East Youngstown riots in January. The men arrested were employed in the East Youngstown railroad yards on the night of the riot and are charged with looting and other crimes. They give the names of Robert Dyer, Jack Martin, William Newton, David Mitchell, William Rimmer and J. Baird. They are the Americans to be prosecuted for the rioting, nearly 10 foreigners having been already indicted in this connection.

SMALLER INCOMES WILL BE LET ALONE

Not to Tax Them But to Tax Still More That Are Already Being Taxed.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19.—The proposal to amend the income tax law so as to include smaller incomes is virtually certain to be abandoned in favor of an increased rate on those already taxed, it was declared tonight by Democratic House leaders.

Sentiment against lowering the exemption limit in order to provide additional revenue for the preparedness program crystallized, it was said, in the Democratic caucus, Thursday night, when Democratic leader Kitchin declared against changing the present minimum of \$2,000. Since then protests against all reduction plans have become more outspoken daily.

Leaders declared tonight, that virtually the entire preparedness revenue bill is in jeopardy.

(Continued on page 2, first section.)

AS HER SCHOOLMATES REMEMBER DEAD LAKE FOREST GIRL



Five happy poses of Marian Lambert.

WAUKEGAN, Ill., Feb. 19.—The results of a searching investigation into the immediate past of William Orpet, as it is known to his friends and acquaintances in Madison, Wis., have been placed in the hands of State Attorney Day of Waukegan, by Harry Beardsley, the Burns detective, who has spent a week prying into the young student's career in the university town.

Beardsley, it is believed by the prosecution, has forged the final link in a chain of evidence which will convict Orpet as the murderer of his sweetheart, Marian Lambert, in the woods near Lake Forest.

Among other things Beardsley said he established the fact that three months ago Orpet went to Carl Fischer, a fellow student in the journalism class at the University of Wisconsin and begged Fischer to find him a physician who would consent to perform an abortion.

The next day Fischer left word with Charles Haringer, the drug clerk who afterward told of having sold Orpet a two-ounce bottle, that he had done as Orpet requested.

"Tell Orpet," he said, according to the detective, "that I have a doctor who will fix him up."



When Haringer was questioned in the office of Chief of Police Shaughnessy at Madison, Beardsley asked for the name of this physician.

Doctor's Name Kept Secret.

"You needn't tell that," Chief Shaughnessy interrupted, hastily, and so the doctor's name was not learned.

"This physician was not the only



one," said Beardsley. "For some time, I found, Orpet had been consulting several doctors in Madison making inquiries about abortion operations and means to relieve the condition of a girl in whom he was interested."

"He made several of his fellow

(Continued on page 11, second sec.)

DUTCH REPORT

Is Issued Concerning Controversy with Great Britain over Seizure of Dutch Vessels.

LONDON, Feb. 19.—The correspondent of Reuter's Telegram Company at The Hague says that the Netherlands government has issued a report concerning the controversy of Dutch mails. The report, it is said, discloses various protests already made and wherein it was contended that all such seizures were in violation of The Hague convention, which guaranteed inviolability of overseas mails without restriction.

Replying to the contention of the British government that the seizure of Dutch mails were all made in subject to British sovereignty, the Dutch government pointed out that the British government had laid mine fields of areas in open sea which forced vessels to pass through British territorial waters instead of remaining in the sea.

Governor Hatfield is Not to Be Candidate for United States Senate

Declares He Has No Ambition to Hold Office but Prefers to Return to His Profession.

CHARLESTON, Feb. 19.—That he has no ambition to hold office but prefers to give his time to the practice of his profession as physician and surgeon is the declaration made by Governor Henry D. Hatfield in a statement given out today, in which he says that he will not be a candidate for United States senator. In making this declaration the governor expresses his appreciation of the confidence reposed in him by the people in electing him to the highest office in the state, especially since his election came at a time when few Republican governors were elected in the country.

The governor points out that through legislation the Republican party has carried out its every platform pledge to the people and that while "some demagogues in the political arena for their own selfish purposes have pretended and yet pretend to look upon my efforts to make good the party promises as an attempt at dictation," he has not, and will not, seek to dictate to others or force his ideas upon them. He reserves the right "to bring to pass by argument and persuasion" those things which he believes "will conserve the party's and the public's best interest."

Has No Political Machine.

Though accused of attempting to build up a political machine to perpetuate himself in power, Governor Hatfield declares that he has not solicited the support of any one connected with his administration for any candidate. "I shall leave these men free from undue influence, as I exact for myself, to support whomsoever they please," he says, and further states that "there is nothing I expect or want from my successor, regardless as to whether he be friendly or otherwise towards me."

But, he points out, the Republican party can remain the dominant party only by selecting and supporting men who are willing to go forward and use their best efforts in fulfilling the party's pledges, and standing steadfastly for the public welfare against all sinister and selfish interests.

Party Comes First.

"The ambition of no man," he says, "must be considered to the detriment of the fundamental principles of the Republican party."

The governor states that the people will not tolerate extravagance nor do they want paragonism in the conduct of the government, being willing to pay the worth of what they receive. As to the class who have opposed his administration, he declares that a "concerted effort has been made by

MORE EVIDENCE OF AVIATION WEAKNESS

GARFIELD'S GRANDSON And Miss Harriet Pew Are Married in Grace Episcopal Church, Salem, Mass.

SALEM, Feb. 19.—Macon Garfield, grandson of former President J. A. Garfield, and son of Harry A. Garfield, president of Williams College, was married to Miss Harriet Winchester Pew, daughter of General and Mrs. William H. Pew, today. The ceremony was performed in Grace Episcopal church by the rector, the Rev. James P. Franks, who was assisted by Bishop James Dewolf Perry of Rhode Island.

CZAR'S SUCCESS IS FOLLOWED UP

GROHOL FAILS TO PERSUADE THE COMPANY

To Grant Principal Demand of the 25,000 Striking Employees of Brass Concern.

ANSONIA, Conn., Feb. 19.—The American Brass Company has declined to grant the principal demand of its 2,500 striking employees, it was learned tonight after long conferences between a strikers' committee and the company officials. It was reported that the Italian laborers have virtually deserted the main body of strikers.

After the unsuccessful conference today Joseph Grohol, the youthful linguist, who is acting as leader of the employees, who comprise eleven nationalities, met the strikers committee in secret tonight. Nothing was given out by them for publication.

The police tonight heard rumors that Elizabeth Gurley Flynn, of Paterson, N. J., and Joseph Ettor, of the Industrial Workers of the World, were coming here to organize the strikers.

After a conference of officials, the prosecuting attorney drew up warrants against Miss Flynn and Ettor to be served should they come here and address the strikers. The warrants charge breach of the peace.

An extra force of special policemen patrolled the streets in the vicinity of the mills tonight but there was no disorder.

Against Turkish Forces in Turkish Armenia by Capturing Remainder of Division.

ACTIVE ALONG BLACK SEA

Important Troop Movements on Part of Germans in Belgium Now Reported.

LONDON, Feb. 19.—Asia and Africa figure more prominently than Europe in the current war news. The Russians are following up with vigor their recent success in Turkish Armenia. Constantinople reports a reverse for the British in Mesopotamia, while London announces the completion of the conquest of the Kamerun, the important German colony in western equatorial Africa. The immense forces massed in Europe are as a result just now comparatively inactive.

The pursuit of the Turks, who fled from Erzerum with the fall of the fortress, is being continued by the Russians. The possibility of a stand by the Ottoman forces a short distance west of the city is being considered by Petrograd, but no reports of such resistance by the defeated army have been received.

Active Along Sea.

The Russians meanwhile are active along the Black sea coast and have recently reported a landing on the Armenian littoral, fifteen miles east of Trebizond, which city is considered one of the next objectives of Russian land forces by a march of about one hundred miles northwest from Erzerum.

The completion of the Kamerun conquest by the Franco-British forces was effected with the capture of Mora, a position in the northernmost section of the colony, the last held by the Germans, their southern forces having recently retreated over the border into Spanish Guinea where they were interned. The entire protectorate of 191,130 square miles and a population of 2,540,000, including about 2,000 whites, has thus been wrested from German control after a campaign that lasted nearly a year having been begun in the spring of 1915.

British Force Defeated.

No recent British report of the Mesopotamian operations at hand, but Constantinople announces that when a British force down the Tigris from Kut-el-Amara, where General Townshend's army is bottled up, tried to cross to the west bank of the river it was defeated in a three-hour battle and fell back to its second line positions, leaving a number of dead. The defeat of a Russian force which attacked Khankgav, south of Hamadan, far across the Persian border, is also reported by the Turkish war office, in which it declares the Russians lost heavily.

From the Franco-Belgian front come reports of important troop movements behind the German lines, but no news of fighting on an extensive scale in any sector. The British apparently are continuing their efforts to regain their recently lost trenches southeast of Ypres, Belgium, but Berlin in announcing the second British attack at this point within two days declares that it was fruitless.

Small Raiding Trips.

Mining operations, artillery engagements, small raiding expeditions and aerial bombardments make up the list of the other activities in this war arena, except a minor and unsuccessful attack by the Germans near Biangy in the Ariels district, announced from Paris.

A Shanghai despatch brings the news that the American steamer China, just out of Shanghai for San Francisco, was stopped by a British auxiliary cruiser and thirty-eight Germans taken off.

The latest official statement by the Russian war office reports the capture of the town of Mush in Asiatic Turkey, lying eighty-three miles southeast of Erzerum and Ahlat.

The pursuit of the Turkish forces who retreated from Erzerum is being continued and the Russians have taken prisoners what remained of the Thirty-fourth Turkish division, with a large quantity of war supplies.

An air raid by a squadron of Italian machines against Lalmeh, the

(Continued on page seven, first section.)

APPAM LIBEL SUIT TO BRING A RULING

By Prize Court That Will Clear Away Many Perplexing Features in the Case.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19.—A libel suit instituted today by the British owners of the liner Appam to recover the ship from the German prize crew that brought it into Hampton Roads, is expected by the state department officials to result in a prize court ruling that will clear away many perplexing features in dealing with the case.

With Germany asking that as a prize the Appam be allowed to remain indefinitely in American waters under the Prussian treaty of 1828, and Great Britain insisting that the liner must be restored to her owners under The Hague convention of 1907, department officials would welcome a judgment by a competent tribunal, not only for guidance in the present case, but as a precedent for the future.

To Grant Request.

The department, in the absence of such a precedent, has held tentatively that the Appam is a German prize, but never has passed formally upon Germany's request that the vessel be allowed to remain indefinitely in American waters. A reply to that request now is in course of preparation and indications have been that it would be granted. It was said today, however, that the response

(Continued on page 7, first section.)

MAINTAINED BY THE INTERNATIONAL HARVESTER COMPANY DURING THE LAST THREE YEARS.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19.—Sensational investigation of charges that American financiers have attempted to monopolize the sisal crop of Yucatan, Mexico, was broadened today, to include an inquiry into whether the International Harvester Company sought by intimidating American bankers to prevent sisal planters obtaining money to market their crops.

The agricultural committee conducting the investigation decided to call as witnesses President Cyrus H. McCormick and other officials of the harvester company and Arthur Reynolds, vice president of the Continental and Commercial National Bank, of Chicago, and to ask the bank to submit a record of the balance maintained there by the company during the last three years. Officials of the National City Bank of New York will be asked to testify, too, regarding charges that the Harvester company also exerted influence upon that institution.

Dr. Rendon Testifies.

The committee adjourned until next Thursday after hearing testimony by Dr. Victor A. Rendon, head of the sisal planters' association.

(Continued on page 4, first section.)

YALE FENCERS WIN.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Feb. 19.—Yale's fencing team defeated Columbia University tonight, six bouts to three.

BANKS CALLED ON TO SHOW BALANCE

Maintained by the International Harvester Company during the Last Three Years.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19.—Sensational investigation of charges that American financiers have attempted to monopolize the sisal crop of Yucatan, Mexico, was broadened today, to include an inquiry into whether the International Harvester Company sought by intimidating American bankers to prevent sisal planters obtaining money to market their crops.

The agricultural committee conducting the investigation decided to call as witnesses President Cyrus H. McCormick and other officials of the harvester company and Arthur Reynolds, vice president of the Continental and Commercial National Bank, of Chicago, and to ask the bank to submit a record of the balance maintained there by the company during the last three years. Officials of the National City Bank of New York will be asked to testify, too, regarding charges that the Harvester company also exerted influence upon that institution.

Dr. Rendon Testifies.

The committee adjourned until next Thursday after hearing testimony by Dr. Victor A. Rendon, head of the sisal planters' association.

(Continued on page 4, first section.)

SIGNS OWN COMMISSION.

(By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19.—As probably the first United States army officer to sign his own commission, General Scott, in capacity as acting secretary of war, today affixed his signature to the official document by which he became a major-general several months ago.

ROOT IS ASSAILED BY SENATOR LEWIS

For Recent Address in Which He Attacked the Foreign Policies of Wilson.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19.—Senator Lewis, Democrat of Illinois, in a speech in the Senate today on "the hypocrisy of statesmanship," assailed Elihu Root for his address before the New York state Republican convention attacking the administration's foreign policies.

"Mr. Root says it is necessary in this international crisis to have a president who means something more than words," Senator Lewis said, "that we should follow words with action. What action? There can be but one action, and that is war. If he means that he wants war with Germany, why doesn't he say war. If Mr. Root, speaking for his party, expects to pledge the party to war, let him

(Continued on page 2, first section.)